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Research paper

# A study on the APFS timestamps in MACOS

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### Abstract

Background/Objectives: There are not many time analysis studies on High Sierra, the latest macOS (10.13) that has changed the file system from HFS+ toAPFS (Apple File System).

**Methods/Statistical analysis:** In this experiment, we tried various actions of the file and the directory with using the Sierra version of the internal drive and the High Sierra version of the external drive. The 'mdls' command and the time attributes of the Finder are used for comparing the metadata. The 'log show' command is also used for checking the system time modification. For analyzing the .DS\_Store and the db.sqlite files, we used .DS\_Store Parser and DB Browser for SQLite.

**Findings:** First of all, we briefly review time synchronization and APFS. And then, we compare the time records of HFS+ with those of APFS with differences. The unified logging file (tracev3) file with using the 'log show' command is analyzed and it is confirmed that the relevant log is left when the system time is changed. Next, we performed various actions on the files and directories of Sierra and High Sierra, and compiled the results as the tables. As a result, we found that the accessed time values were not updated well at high Sierra for the performance purpose. Finally, we also found the file attribute values in the DS\_Store file in the RecycleBin and the database files in Document Revisions by default, and found that they can be used in forensic analysis.

**Improvements/Applications:** Furthermore, it is necessary to examine and analyze the change of the time attribute of the file when the file and folder are moved or copied with APFS formatted external storage device.

Keywords: APFS; Forensics; Timestamp; Log Archive; .DS Store; Document Revisions

#### 1. Introduction

Timestamp is forensically important information on the digital evidence analysis. Like MS Windows, the time of the macOS computer is managed by the RTC (Real Time Clock) on the CMOS chip in the Logic Board.

In this study, the time record of the APFS (the changed file system of macOS High Sierra) is examined. And the record was compared with the corresponding timestamp metadata and investigated the difference from the previous version through the changing action of the file and the folder. The logs of the unified logging system are also examined. Finally, the timestamps in the hidden file in the Recycle Bin and the database file of Document Revisions were analyzed by the forensic tools.

## 2. Materials and methods

The papers on the time changing of MS Windows systemhave been extensively researched<sup>1</sup> and well-organized<sup>2</sup>, but the time attribute especially in the case of macOS High Sierra distributed in September 2017, there is no forensic tool that can be analyzed yet, and there are not many papers related to it.

In this experiment, we tried various actions on the computer about files and folders using the Sierra version of the internal drive and the High Sierra version formatted as the APFS volume on the external drive. The result is displayed in the terminal window with the 'mdls' command and the time attribute values of the Finder window are used to compare the metadata information.

For analyzing the .DS\_Store file in the Recycle Bin and db.sqlite database file in Document Revisions, we used .DS\_Store Parser and DB Browser for SQLite.

The computer information used in the experiment is as follows. MacBook Pro (13-inch, 2017, Four Thunderbolt 3 Ports),

Processor: 3.1GHz Intel Core i5 Memory: 16GB 2133 MHz LPDDR3

Graphic Card: Intel Iris Plus Graphics 650 1536 MB Internal Drive: 512GB SSD, macOS (Sierra 10.12.6) External Drice: 64GB SSD, macOS (High Sierra 10.13.1)

#### 2.1. Macos time synchronization

Like MS Windows, macOS also uses a time server to receive the time when the Internet is connected and to synchronize the system's time. Three time servers (Apple Americas/U.S., Apple Asia, Apple Europe) are managed directly by Apple.

When installing the operating system, the macOS connect to the Internet, select the time zone to synchronize the time, and then use that time until the system is shut down. When the system is shut down, the RTC of the logic board calculates the system time, and the time information of the computer is maintained unless the battery completely discharged. If the battery has reached the end of its life, system time is reset to 2001.01.01(15:44).

#### 2.2. Macos high sierra

The biggest change in the Mac OS High Sierra version is that the file system has changed from HFS  $\pm$  to APFS. In addition, there are changes to the introduction of Metal 2 (hardware accelerated



computing API), HEVC video support, VR support enhancement, and basic applications. High Sierra's market share of macOS is around 5.44%, which is expected to rise in the future.<sup>3</sup>

#### 2.3. APFS time record

The Table 1 shows HFS + and APFS file records. In the HFS + file system, it measured the time in seconds starting from 1940-01-01, and only 'DateAdded' entry used the unsigned 32bits UNIX epoch time starting from 1970-01-01. Time records are found in the catalog file (folder).

In the APFS file system, all timestamps are changed from 32 bits to 64 bits and stored as unsigned values. The APFS timestamp value record is measured in nanoseconds starting from 1970-01-01. All timestamps are given a value of UTC +00:00, and time records are found in the BTLN (B-Tree Leaf Node) file.4

In the HFS + catalog file (folder), the important items in the record are Create Date, Content Modification Date, Attribute Modification Date, and Access Date. The function of each item is as fol-

lows. [5] The Create Date is the date and time the file (folder) was created. The Content Modification Date is the date and time the file (folder)'s contents were last changed. The Attribute Modification Date is the last date and time that any field in the file (folder)'s catalog record was changed. The Access Date is the date and time the file (folder)'s contents were last read.

These items are matched with the APFS BTLN file record's Date Created, Date last Written, Date iNode mod, and Date accessed values, respectively.

#### 2.4. APFS time metadata

For the result of the Figure 1 below, 'abc.txt' file and 'a' folder were created at first.(touch abc.txt, mkdir a) Afterwards modifying and saving the contents of abc.txtand moving abc.txt to a folder. (Move abc .txt a) Output is the metadata of the 'abc.txt' through the 'mdls' command in terminal.

Table 1: HFS+ Catalog File (Folder) Record Vs APFS BTLN File Record

SInt16	Record Type	UInt16	Unknown
UInt16	Flags	UInt64	Parent ID
UInt32	Valence	UInt64	Node-ID
		UInt64	Date Created
UInt32	File(Folder)ID (CNID)	UInt64	Date last Written
UInt32	Create Date	UInt64	Date iNode mod.
UInt32	ContentModification Date	UInt64	Date accessed
UInt32	AttributeModification Date	UInt64	Hardlinks to file
UInt32	Access Date	UInt64	Unknown
UInt32	Backup Date	UInt32	Unknown
HFSPlusBSDInfo[16 Bytes] Permissions		UInt32	Unknown
File(Folder)Info[16 Bytes] UserInfo		UInt64	Unknown
ExtendedFile(Folder)Info[16Bytes] FinderInfo		UInt32	Owner ID
UInt32	TextEncoding	UInt32	Group ID
UInt32	Reserved	UInt64	Flags

```
_kMDItemOwnerUserID
kMDItemContentCreationDate
                                         501
2017-11-28 17:57:00 +0000
kMDItemContentModificationDate
                                          2017-11-28 17:59:01 +0000
kMDItemContentType
                                          "public.plain-text"
kMDItemContentTypeTree
    "public.plain-text"
    "public.item",
     "public.text"
"public.data"
      public.content
     "public.plain-text"
                                         2017-11-28 18:00:08 +0000 "abc.txt"
kMDItemDateAdded
kMDItemDisplayName
                                          2017-11-28 17:59:01 +0000
kMDItemFSContentChangeDate
                                         2017-11-28 17:57:00 +0000
kMDItemFSCreationDate
kMDItemFSCreatorCode
kMDItemFSFinderFlags
kMDItemFSHasCustomIcon
                                          (null)
kMDItemFSInvisible
kMDItemFSIsExtensionHidden
                                          (null)
kMDItemFSIsStationery
kMDItemFSLabel
                                          0
"abc.txt"
kMDItemFSName
kMDItemFSNodeCount
                                          (null)
kMDItemFSOwnerGroupID
                                          20
kMDItemFSOwnerUserID
                                          501
kMDItemFSSize
kMDItemFSTypeCode
                                          "Plain Text Document
kMDItemKind
kMDItemLastUsedDate
                                          2017-11-28 17:58:07 +0000
kMDItemLogicalSize
kMDItemPhysicalSize
                                          62
4096
kMDItemUseCount
kMDItemUsedDates
     "2017-11-28 15:00:00 +0000"
kMDItemUserModifiedDate
     "2017-11-28 17:59:01 +0000"
kMDItemUserModifiedUserHandle
    501
```

```
a — -bash — 63×43
 _kMDItemOwnerUserID
                                             = 501
kMDItemContentCreationDate
kMDItemContentCreationDate_Ran
kMDItemContentModificationDate
                                             = 2017-11-28 18:06:23 +0000
                                                 "public.plain-text
kMDItemContentType
kMDItemContentTvpeTree
     "public.plain-text",
"public.item",
"public.text",
      "public.data"
      "public.content"
      "public.plain-text"
kMDItemDateAdded
                                              = 2017-11-28 18:<u>09:55</u> +0000
kMDItemDateAdded Ranking
                                             = 2017-11-28 00:00:00 +0000
kMDItemDisplayName
kMDItemFSContentChangeDate
kMDItemFSCreationDate
                                             = "abc.txt"
= 2017-11-2
                                                          -28 18:12:09 +0000
                                             = 2017-11-28 18:06:23 +0000
kMDItemFSCreatorCode
kMDItemFSFinderFlags
kMDItemFSHasCustomIcor
kMDItemFSInvisible
                                                (null)
kMDItemFSIsExtensionHidden
kMDItemFSIsStationery
                                             = (null)
kMDItemFSLabel
kMDItemFSName
                                               0
"abc.txt"
kMDItemFSNodeCount
                                             = (null)
kMDItemFSOwnerGroupID
                                             = 20
kMDItemFSOwnerUserID
kMDItemFSSize
                                             = 501
= 55
kMDItemFSTypeCode
                                              = 2017-11-28 00:00:00 +0000
kMDItemInterestingDate_Ranking
kMDItemKind
                                             = "Plain Text Document
kMDItemLastUsedDate
                                             = 2017-11-28 18:11:54 +0000
kMDItemLogicalSize
                                                55
kMDItemPhysicalSize
                                             = 4096
kMDItemUserModifiedDate
     "2017-11-28 18:12:09 +0000"
kMDItemUserModifiedUserHandle
                                             = (
songjonghwaui-MacBook-Pro:a songjonghwa$
```

Fig. 1: File Metadata in Terminal (Sierra [10.12.6] vs High Sierra [10.13.1]).

The time attribute's contents in the metadata can be summarized as shown in the following Table 2.6

For the 'kMDItemDateAdded' attribute, the contents are made by the reference<sup>7</sup>. Three attributes with the array structure are the Apple's unique feature that stores their time values each time you access, modify, or create them. Unlike Apple's own program,

these array timestamps are not stored well for the files such as Word, PDF and so on.

The four attribute values with the name of the ranking are not yet known.

	Table 2: Metadata Attribute Keys
KMD Item Con-	The date that the contents of the file were created. A
tent Creation Date	CF Date
Kmd Item Content	The date and time that the contents of the file were
Modification Date	last modified. A CF Date
kMD Item Date	An HFS+ metadata attribute that happens to be
Added	indexed by Spotlight (undocumented)
kMD Item FS	
Content Change	The date the file contents last changed. A CF Date
Date	
kMD Item FS	The date and time that the file was created. A
Creation Date	CFDate
	The date and time that the file was last used. Launch
kMD Item Last	Services update this value automatically every time
Used Date	a file is opened by double clicking, or by asking
	Launch Services to open a file. A CF Date.
kMD Item Used	Undocumented (array)
Dates	Ondocumented (urray)
kMD Item User	Undocumented (array)
Modified Date	Ondocumented (urray)
kMD Item User	Undocumented (array)
Created Date	endocumented (urray)
kMD Item Content	
Creation Date_	Undocumented
Ranking	
kMD Item Date	Undocumented
Added_ Ranking	
kMD Item Inter-	** .
esting Date_	Undocumented
Ranking	
kMD Item Last	** .
Used Date_ Rank-	Undocumented

Tracev3 is a new system log file from macOS sierra. It hasthe binary format, and isreferred to as log orlog archive. The Apple developer documentation states that it will replace the existing ASL (Apple System Log).9 to collect the logs, you need to save them as an unified archive type using the 'collect' option of log, which is macOS's internal program. The collected archive files can be analyzed using the 'log show' command. If you look at the Figure 2 above, you can see that the date attribute value is changed from 2017.11.29(15:42:33) to 2017.11.19 (13:42:11) (about 10 days and 2 hours) ahead. The Date & Time item in the System Preferences changes the system time. If the date attribute is suddenly changed in a log file that is written in order, it can be

seen that the system time is modified. 10 Of course, this also can bechecked by the 'Timesync' or 'systemwallclock time adjusted'

#### 3.2. File and directory metadata analysis

statement in the log.

The following Tables [Table 3] [Table 4] examine possible actions on files and directories in macOS Sierra. You can see that the results from the left hand side and the right side are different depending on the behavior. If the time attribute value is changed, 'C' is displayed. Otherwise, '-' value is displayed. In the symbolic link file, 'X' is displayed because no additional date exists. (C: Changed, -: Not Changed X: Not Existed)

The tables below [Table 5] [Table 6] compare the results after doing the same in macOS High Sierra. Comparing the behavior with that in Sierra, someattribute values are changed, and most accessed values are not recorded except for click actions. This seems to be intended to improve performance by limiting the number of times SSD drives are write, and seems to be similar to the previouscase of subtracting the additional day attribute valuewhen it changed from MS Windows XP to MS Windows 7.

(C: Changed, -: Not Changed X: Not Existed)

#### 3. Results and discussion

### 3.1. Logging system (tracev3) analysis



Fig. 2: Examples of 'Log Show' Command for Time Modification.

 Table 3: File Metadata Analysis in Macos Sierra (10.12)

SHELL(terminal)					GUI(finder)				
Contents	Accessed	Modified	Changed	Created	Contents	Accessed	Modified	Changed	Created
Creation(touch)	C	C	C	C	Modification(app.)	C	C	C	-
Modification(vi)	C	C	C	C	Read(double click)	C	-	-	-
Read(cat)	-	-	-	-	Copy(cp)-original	-	-	-	-
Copy(cp)-original	-	-	-	-	Copy(cp)-duplicate	C	-	C	-
Copy(cp)-duplicate	C	C	C	C	Copy(Cmd+C,V)-original	-	-	-	-
Move(mv)	-	-	C	-	Copy(Cmd+C,V)-duplicate	C	-	C	-
Symbolic link(ln-s)-original	-	-	-	-	Get Info	-	-	-	-
Symbolic link(ln-s)-link file	C	C	X	C	Make Alias-original	-	-	-	-
Symbolic link(click)-original	C	-	-	-	Make Alias-duplicate	C	C	C	C
Symbolic link(click)-link file	-	-	X	-	Quick Look	-	-	-	-
Hard link(ln)-original	-	-	-	-	Move	-	-	C	-
Hard link(ln)-link file	-	-	-	-	Rename	-	-	-	-
Hard link(click)-original-	C	-	-	-					
Hard link(click)-link file	С	-	-	-					

**Table 4:** Directory Metadata Analysis in Macos Sierra (10.12)

SHELL(terminal)					GUI(finder)				
Contents	Access	sed Modif	fied Chang	ged Creat	ed Contents	Acces	sed Modif	ied Chan	ged Created
Creation(mkdir)	C	C	C	C	Creation(right click)	C	C	C	C
Change directory(cd)	-	-	-	-	Open(double click)	C	-	-	-
Linux shell(ls)	-	-	-	-	Move file to directory (Drag&Drop)	-	C	-	-
Move file to directory(mv)	-	C	-	-	File duplicate in directory (Duplicate)	-	C	-	-
File Creation in directory(touch)	-	C	-	-	Duplication-original	-	-	-	-
Copy(cp -r)-original	-	-	-	-	Duplication-duplicate	C	-	C	-
Copy(cp -r)-duplicate	C	C	C	C	Copy(copy&paste)-original	-	-	-	-
Move(mv a/ b/)-a directory	-	-	C	-	Copy(copy&paste)-duplicate	C	-	C	-
Move(mv a/ b/)-b directory	-	C	-	-	Copy(cmd+C,V)-original	-	-	-	-
Symbolic link-original	-	-	-	-	Copy(cmd+C,V)-duplicate	C	-	C	-
Symbolic link-link directory	C	C	X	C	Move(Drag&Drop a/->b/)-a/	-	-	C	-
Symbolic link(click)-original	C	-	-	-	Move(Drag&Drop a/->b/)-b/	-	C	-	-
Symbolic link(click)			X	_					
-ink Directory at Finder			21						
Symbolic link(click)	C		_	_					
link Directory at Terminal	C	-	-	-					

**Table 5:** File Metadata Analysis in Macos High Sierra (10.13)

SHELL(terminal)					GUI(finder)				
Contents	Accessed	Modified	Changed	Created	Contents	Accessed	Modified	Changed	Created
Creation(touch)	X	C	C	C	Modification(app.)	C	C	-	-
Modification(vi)	X	C	C	C	Read(double click)	C	-	-	-
Read(cat)	-	-	-	-	Copy(cp)-original	-	-	-	-
Copy(cp)-original	-	-	-	-	Copy(cp)-duplicate	X	-	C	-
Copy(cp)-duplicate	X	C	C	C	Copy(Cmd+C,V)-original	-	-	-	-
Move(mv)	-	-	C	-	Copy(Cmd+C,V)-duplicate	X	-	C	-
Symbolic link(ln-s)-original	-	-	-	-	Get Info	-	-	-	-
Symbolic link(ln-s)-link file	X	C	C	C	Make Alias-original	-	-	-	-
Symbolic link(click)-original	C	-	-	-	Make Alias-duplicate	X	C	C	C
Symbolic link(click)-link file	-	-	-	-	Quick Look	-	-	-	-
Hard link(ln)-original	-	-	-	-	Move	-	-	C	-
Hard link(ln)-link file	-	-	C	-	Rename	-	-	-	-
Hard link(click)-original-	C	-	-	-					
Hard link(click)-link file	C	-	-	-					

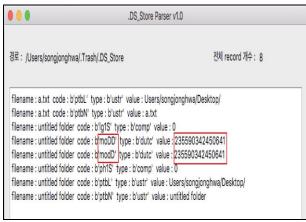
**Table 6:** Directory Metadata Analysis in Macos High Sierra (10.13)

SHELL(terminal)		Birectory	1110111111111		GUI(finder)				
Contents	Acces	ssedModi	fiedChan	gedCreat	edContents	Acces	sedModi	fiedChan	gedCreated
Creation(mkdir)	X	C	C	C	Creation(right click)	X	C	C	C
Change directory(cd)	-	-	-	-	Open(double click)	C	-	-	-
Linux shell(ls)	-	-	-	-	Move file to directory (Drag & Drop)	-	C	-	-
Move file to directory(mv)	-	C	-	-	File duplicate in directory (Duplicate)	-	C	-	-
File Creation in directory(touch)	-	C	-	-	Duplication-original	-	-	-	-
Copy(cp -r)-original	-	-	-	-	Duplication-duplicate	X	-	C	-
Copy(cp -r)-duplicate	X	C	C	C	Copy(copy & paste)-original	-	-	-	-
Move(mv a/b/)-a directory	-	-	C	-	Copy(copy & paste)-duplicate	X	-	C	-
Move(mv a/b/)-b directory	-	C	-	-	Copy(cmd+C,V)-original	-	-	-	-
Symbolic link-original	-	-	-	-	Copy(cmd+C,V)-duplicate	X	-	C	-
Symbolic link-link directory	X	C	C	C	Move(Drag&Drop a/->b/)-a/	-	-	C	-
Symbolic link(click)-original	C	-	-	-	Move(Drag&Drop a/->b/)-b/	-	C	-	-
Symbolic link(click) -link Directory at Find	er -	-	-	-					
Symbolic link(click) -link Directory at Term nal	ni- C	-	-	-					

(C: Changed, -: Not Changed X: Not Existed)

#### 3.3. DS store and document revisions

The .DS\_Store is a special macOS file that is created in every directory that the finder accesses. The .DS\_Store file in the Recycle Bin is very useful forensically, because the modified date is recorded in it. 11 The Figure 3 below shows the corresponding property using the .DS\_Store Parser which we have developed. The modD and moDD values are the modification time(235590342450641), which should be divided by 65536, the interval for one second, and then examined through the HFS + Timestamp Converter.



**Fig. 3:** DS\_Store Timestamp.

The Figure 4 below shows that the corresponding time (235590342450641/65536=3594823340) using the converter is 2017.11.29 (18:02:20) (UTC).

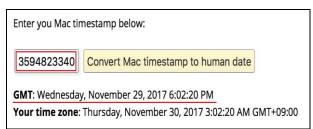


Fig. 4: Modd&Modd Time to Mac HFS+ Timestamp Converter.

Document Revisions is a special feature of macOS that stores a list of all document files are used within the operating system. Apple does not reveal its function or purpose in detail, so it is not exactly known, but from the digital forensics point of view, the database file itself generated by Document Revisions is important. The database file is in SQLite3 format. After changing the user's privileges, the data can be read using DB Browser for SQLite program. The 'file\_last\_seen' property is shown as belowThe Figure 5.

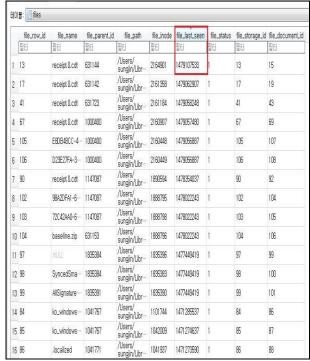


Fig. 5: Db\_Sqlite File of Document Revisions.

If you also use this date to the Epoch & UNIX Time Converter, you can see that the time is 2016.11.14 (07:12:13) (UTC) as shown in Figure 6.



Fig. 6: File\_Last\_Seen Time to Epoch & UNIX Timestamp Converter.

#### 4. Conclusion

APFS, Apple's new file system, added a few metadata about time. The unified logging system used from the sierra version allows you to knowthe changing time of the system. It also investigated the time changes of files and folders through various actions on the computer. As a result, some attribute information is different from the two versions.

Especially, it was possible to guess the specific time that the user is doing through investigating the hidden files such as DS\_Store and Document Revisions's database.

Furthermore, it is necessary to examine and analyze the change of the time attribute of the file when the file and folder are moved or copied with APFS formatted external storage device.

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